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PTO/SB/21 (09-04) Approved for use through 07/31/2006. OMB 0551-0031 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. Application Number 09/764,068 TRANSMITTAL Filing Date 1/19/2001 First Named Inventor **FORM** Jeff Eder Art Unit 3628 Examiner Name Clement Graham (to be used for all correspondence after initial filing) Attorney Docket Number AR - 19 Total Number of Pages in This Submission **ENCLOSURES** (Check all that apply) After Allowance Communication to TC Fee Transmittal Form Drawing(s) Appeal Communication to Board Licensing-related Papers Fee Attached of Appeals and Interferences Appeal Communication to TC ✓ Petition Amendment/Reply (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief) Petition to Convert to a Proprietary Information After Final **Provisional Application** Power of Attorney, Revocation Status Letter Affidavits/declaration(s) Change of Correspondence Address Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify Terminal Disclaimer Extension of Time Request Request for Refund Express Abandonment Request CD, Number of CD(s) Information Disclosure Statement Landscape Table on CD Certified Copy of Priority Remarks Document(s) Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53 SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT Firm Name Asset Trust, Inc. Signature /B.J. Bennett/ Printed name **B.J. Bennett** Date Reg. No. 09/26/2005 CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1460 on the date shown below: Signature /R.J. Rennett/

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In short, the second reason the cited combination would be expected to fail is because completion of the required processing requires a substantial advance relative to the state of the art that has been defined by the Examiners of cross referenced applications and the cited combination of references fails to teach the required advances while documenting additional instances of novelty, newness and/or non-obviousness in the claimed invention.

Summarizing the above discussion, the orthogonal teachings of the cited references and a substantial body of evidence developed by the Examiners of cross-referenced applications (and the current application) provides convincing proof that the cited combination is an almost certain failure not a probable success. The Assignee notes that there are still other ways in which the absence of a reasonable expectation of success for the cited combination can be documented.

The 1 July 2005 Office Action fails to meet the third criteria for establishing a prima facie case of obviousness because it does not teach or suggest one or more limitations for every claim.

Far from establishing a prima facie case of obviousness for claims 36 - 70, the cited combination of references in the 1 July 2005 Office Action provides additional evidence that the claimed invention for producing concrete, tangible and useful results is new, novel and non-obvious. It does this by calling for a combination of references when the cited references teaches away from their proposed combination, by advocating a combination of references that is an almost certain failure and by relying on a combination of references that fails to suggest almost all of the claim limitations.

Another way the combination of references cited in the 1 July 2005 Office Action fails to establish a prima facie case of obviousness for claims 36 - 70 is that it fails to make the invention as a whole obvious as required by MPEP § 2141.02 which states that:

In determining the differences between the prior art and the claims, the question under 35 U.S.C. 103 is not whether the differences themselves would have been obvious but whether the claimed invention as a whole would have been obvious.

As noted previously, the obviousness rejections are based on a combination of Marshall and Tull Jr. Marshall and Tull Jr. both teach away from the method of the instant

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application in a number of ways. As noted previously, the two references also teach away from their own combination. Taken together the cited combination of references fails to make the invention as a whole obvious. The cited combination also fails to make a single aspect of the claimed invention obvious. These failures provide additional evidence that the claimed invention for producing concrete, tangible and useful results is new, novel and non-obvious.

The fourth way the 1 July 2005 office action fails to establish a prima facie case of obviousness is that it does not teach how a system for portfolio management and a virtual reality system could be combined to produce anything useful. It is well established that "particular findings must be made as to the reason the skilled artisan, with no knowledge of the claimed invention, would have selected these components for combination in the manner claimed" (In re Kotzab, 217 F.3d 1365, 1371, 55 USPQ2d 1313, 1317 (Fed. Cir. 2000)). In spite of this well know requirement, the office action has not described how the teachings of these references would be combined or the reason for doing so. The references documenting the state of the art for cross referenced applications teach away from the proposed combination. Furthermore, as detailed above, the reference teachings make it obvious that there are a number of reasons that the cited combination should not be made and that once made it could not reasonably be expected to produce anything useful.

The Assignee notes again that there are still other ways in which all §103 obviousness rejections in the 1 July 2005 Office Action for claims 36 – 70 can be traversed.

Examiner: Clement Graham Art Unit: 3628 Request for reference(s)

On December 2002 and September 2004 notices of allowability provided by the Examiner of the instant application were withdrawn from cross-referenced application 10/097,344. The Assignee presumes that, in keeping with established procedures, the withdrawl of these notices of allowability were supported by one or more references. Accordingly, the Assignee hereby requests that any reference or references used to support a withdrawl of a notice of allowance for 10/097,344 be added to the official (written) record for the Instant application so that they may be addressed in a subsequent office action and/or appeal.

Reservation of rights

The Assignee hereby explicitly reserves the right to present the modified and/or canceled claims for re-examination in their original format. The cancellation or modification of pending claims to put the instant application in a final form for allowance and issue is not to be construed as a surrender of subject matters covered by the original claims before their cancellation or modification.

Conclusion

The pending claims are of a form and scope for allowance. Prompt notification thereof is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

Bul Bennett, President Asset Trust, Inc.

Date: September 26, 2005